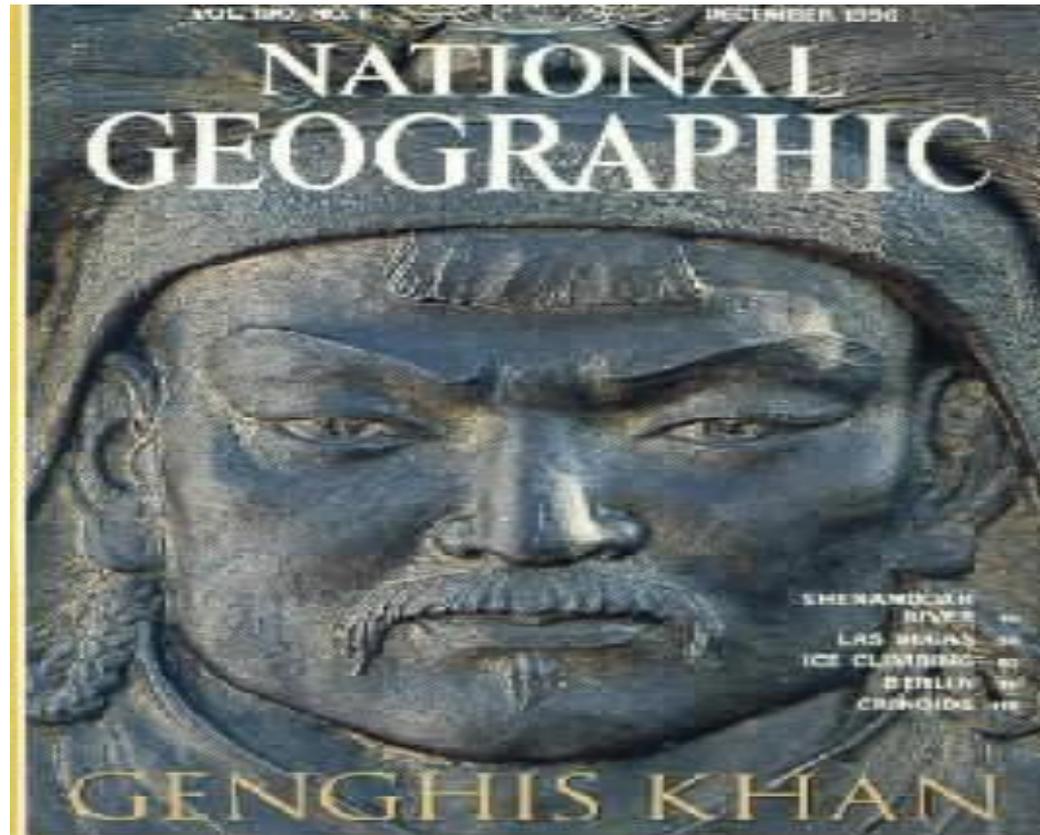


“Man’s greatest good fortune is to chase and defeat his enemy, seize his total possessions, leave his married women weeping and wailing, ride his gelding (horses), use the bodies of his women as a nightshirt as support.”



GENGHIS KHAN



I. Mongols

A. Genghis Khan 1162-1227. “Universal Ruler”



Genghis Khan's Father was poisoned when he was a little boy....



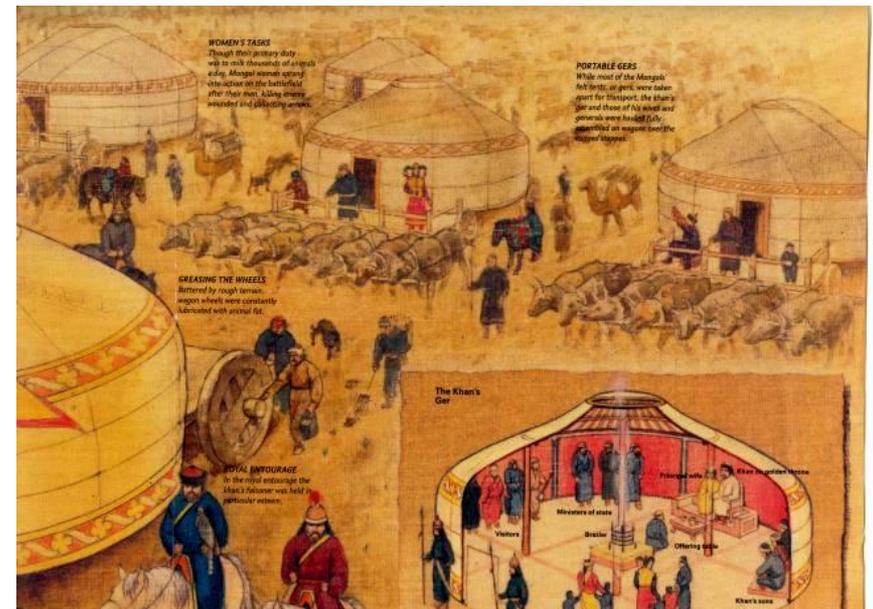
Conquering the world was his therapy...

must have saved a bunch of money on Shrink bills.

1. Nomadic People



The 1st Mobile Homes



Mongol women did a lot of the heavy work and were given more equality than women in the Muslim or Christian cultures at the time. They wore pants, rode astride and were capable archers.





Too
Stinkin
Cute!!!!!!



A young Genghis Khan and his Mongol hordette

2. Military Values

a. strict discipline

b. absolute loyalty

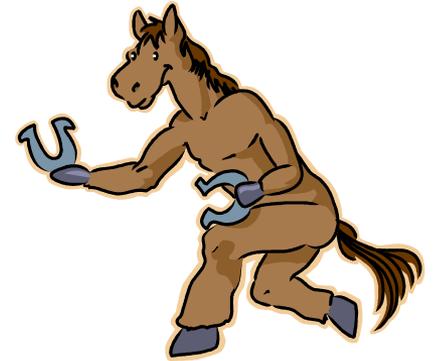


Sorry Mrs. Bolger....I
will never be late for
class again.

3. Military techniques

- a. well-organized
- b. strict rewards & punishment
- c. best horseman in the world

4. Advanced Military technology

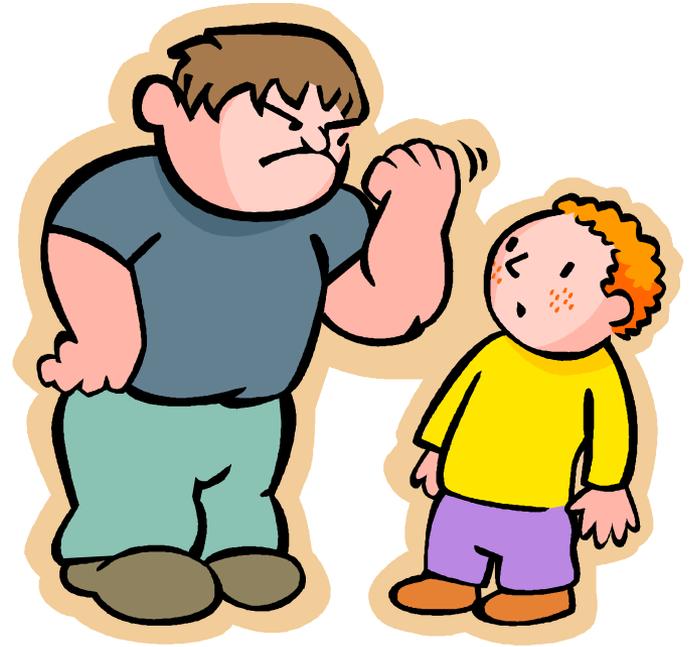




5. Military Tactics

a. Seige warfare

b. Terror tactics



Mongols would attack then pretend to gallop away-enemy would usually chase after them. Then the rest of the Mongol army would appear to slaughter the exhausted army.



Seige warfare: wearing down your enemy through constant attack or threat of attack.

The Mongols mounted dummies on horses to make their army look larger.

Army led by hostages (human wall) walk in front





This won't hurt a bit....

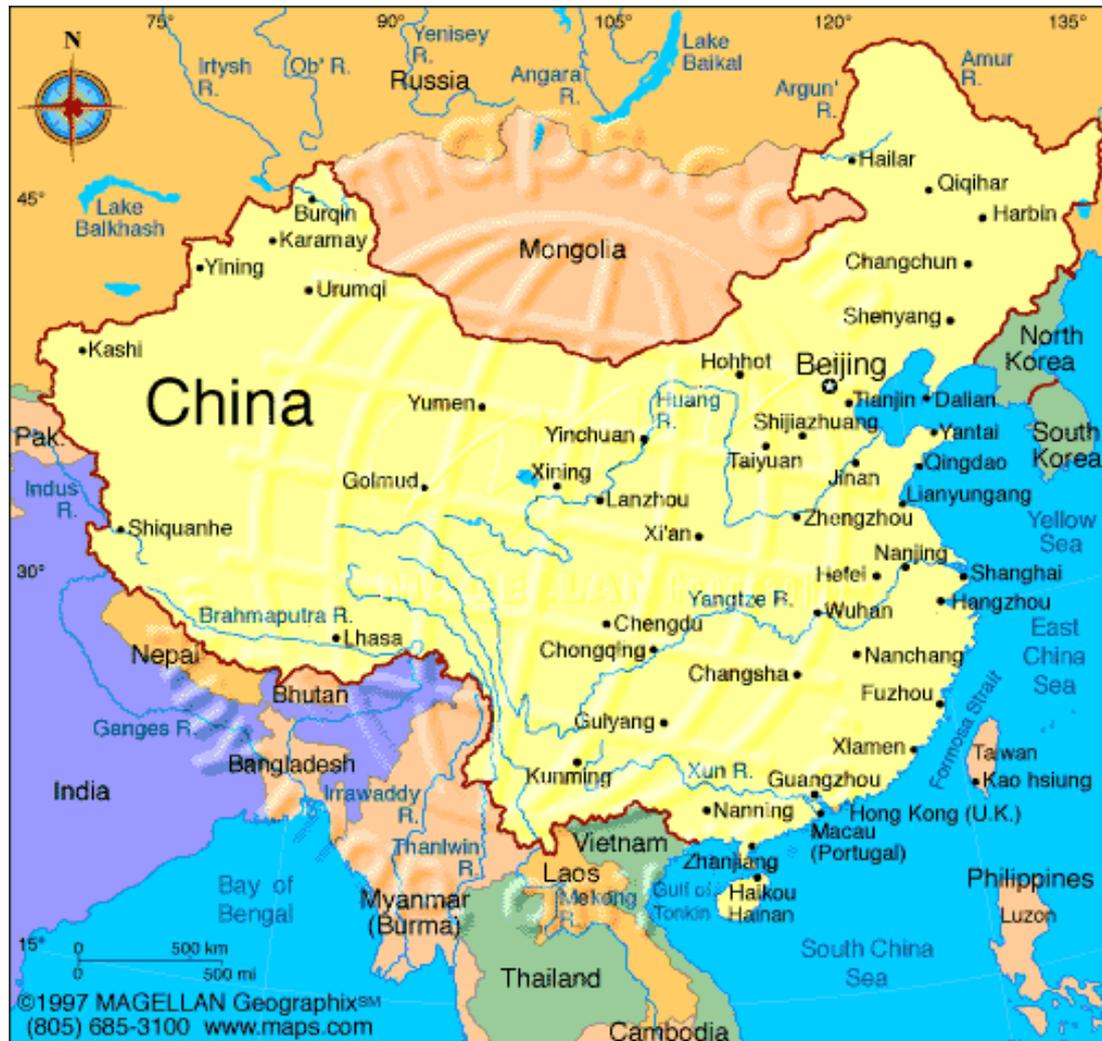
If food was scarce a soldier would make a small gash in the neck of his horse & drink his blood-this did not harm the animal.



Silk Armour: wore silk undershirts, could remove arrow by pulling out the silk. Enemies thought that they were superhuman. Wore these until they rotted off their bodies. Used urine from the horses to bathe.

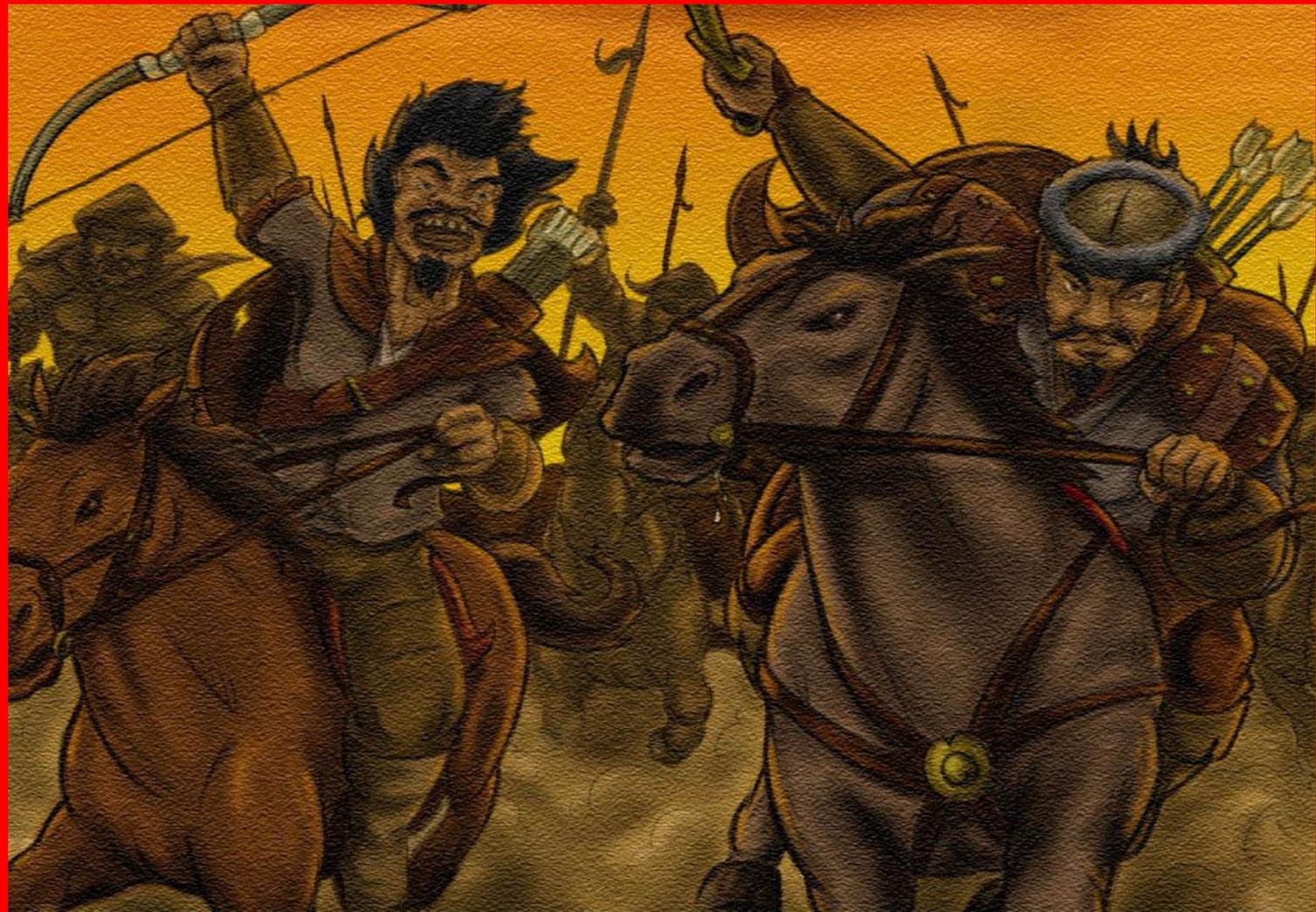


6. Result: Conquered China



1206





**We are the Champions...We are the champions..
No time for losers cause we are the
champions..of the world!!!**

B. Mongol Rule: Yuan Dynasty



1. Kublai Khan 1279 A.D. (Genghis's grandson)
 - a. Defeated Song Dynasty.
 - b. Largest Empire in the world



Kublai Khan

2. First Non-Chinese to rule China

Kublai's advisor: "I have heard that one can conquer the empire on horseback, but one cannot govern it on horseback."

3. Ruled with justice & toleration

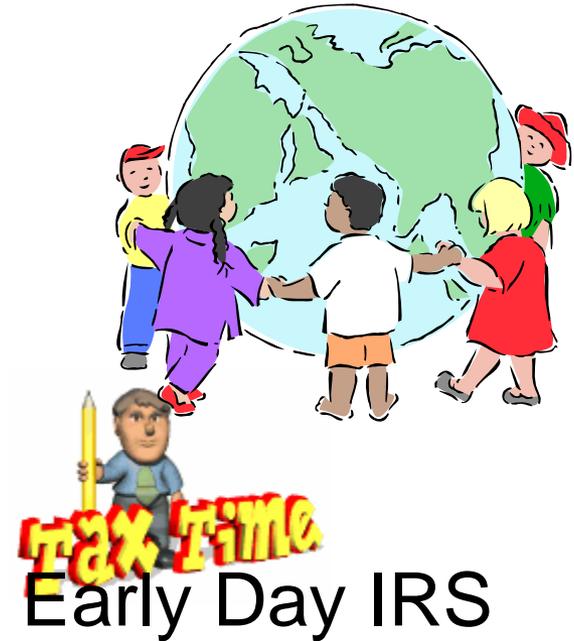
a. Allowed Chinese to keep culture

b. Mongols maintained own culture,
but did assimilate

4. Pay regular tribute (tax) to Mongols

5. Religious Toleration

The Mongol tax collectors seldom had trouble getting what they asked for. They travelled in small groups, a ragged little band of men who smelled and looked bad. When they approached a settlement, they would ask for 10% of everything; gold, silver, horses, women & cattle. If the settlers gave them the tribute, all was well, but if they refused, Hordes of Mongols mounted on horseback would come and destroy the city. They would take everything they wanted and would kill everyone except for one person who was allowed to live to tell the people nearby what happened.

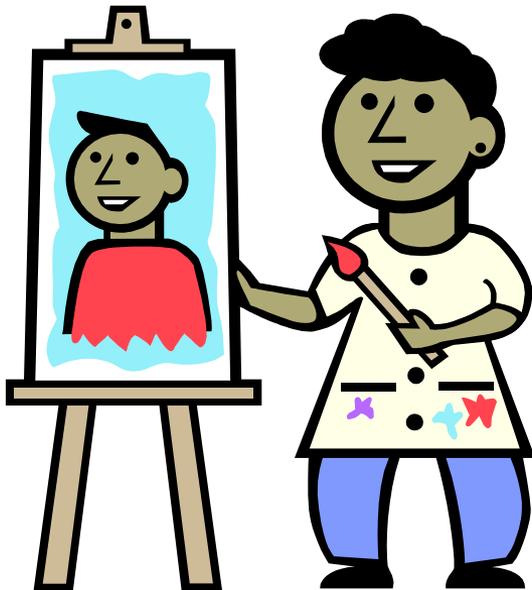


6. Abolished Civil service exam

- a. Chinese could not get highest government positions.



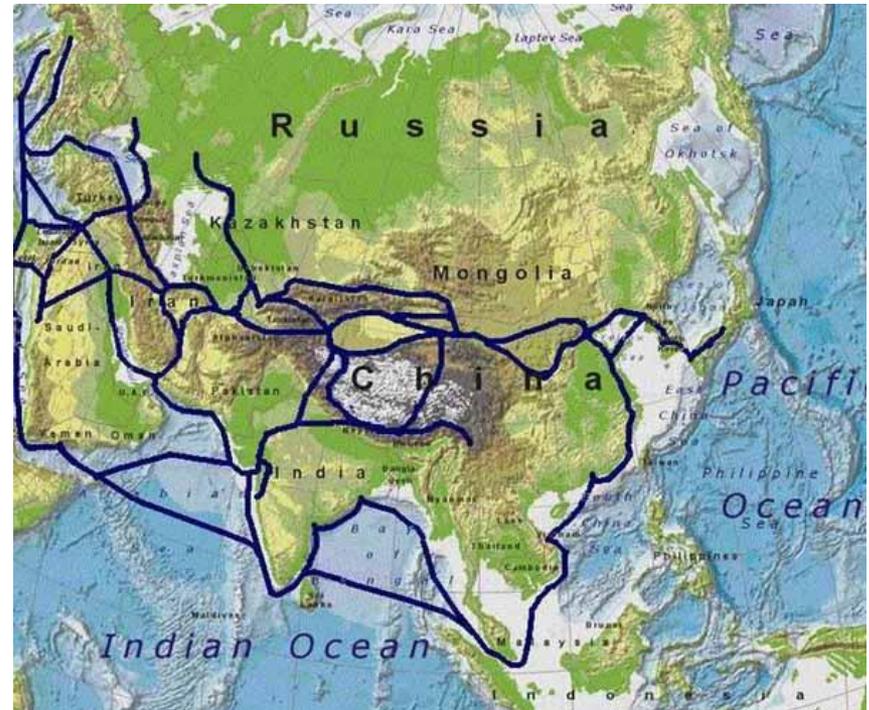
7. Respected scholars & artists



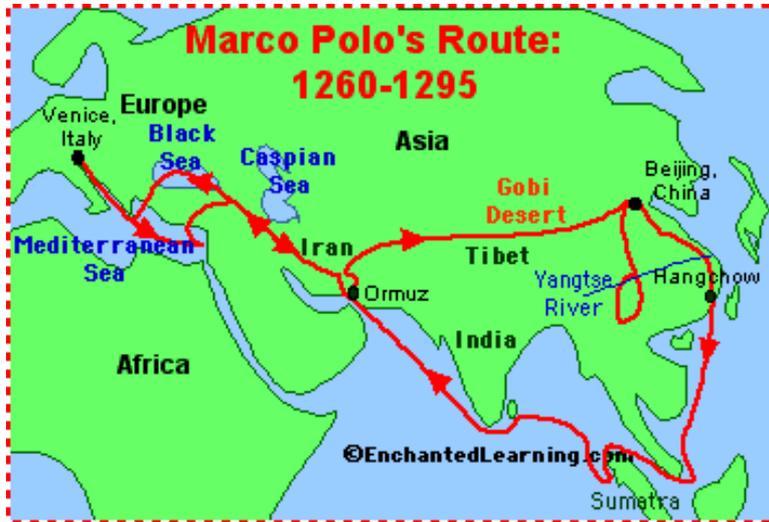
8. Increased contact with the Western World

a. Controlled Silk
Road-safe

b. Cultural
Diffusion



c. Marco Polo- sparked European interest in Asia

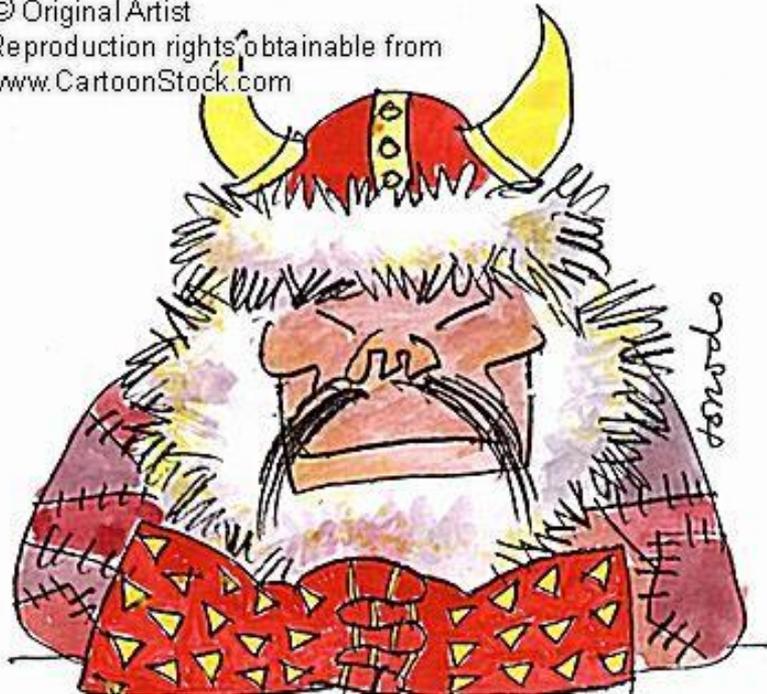


“Everyone enjoyed such peace that a man might journey from the land of sunrise to sunset with a golden platter upon his head without suffering the least violence from anyone.”

9. Always regarded as barbarians by the Chinese.



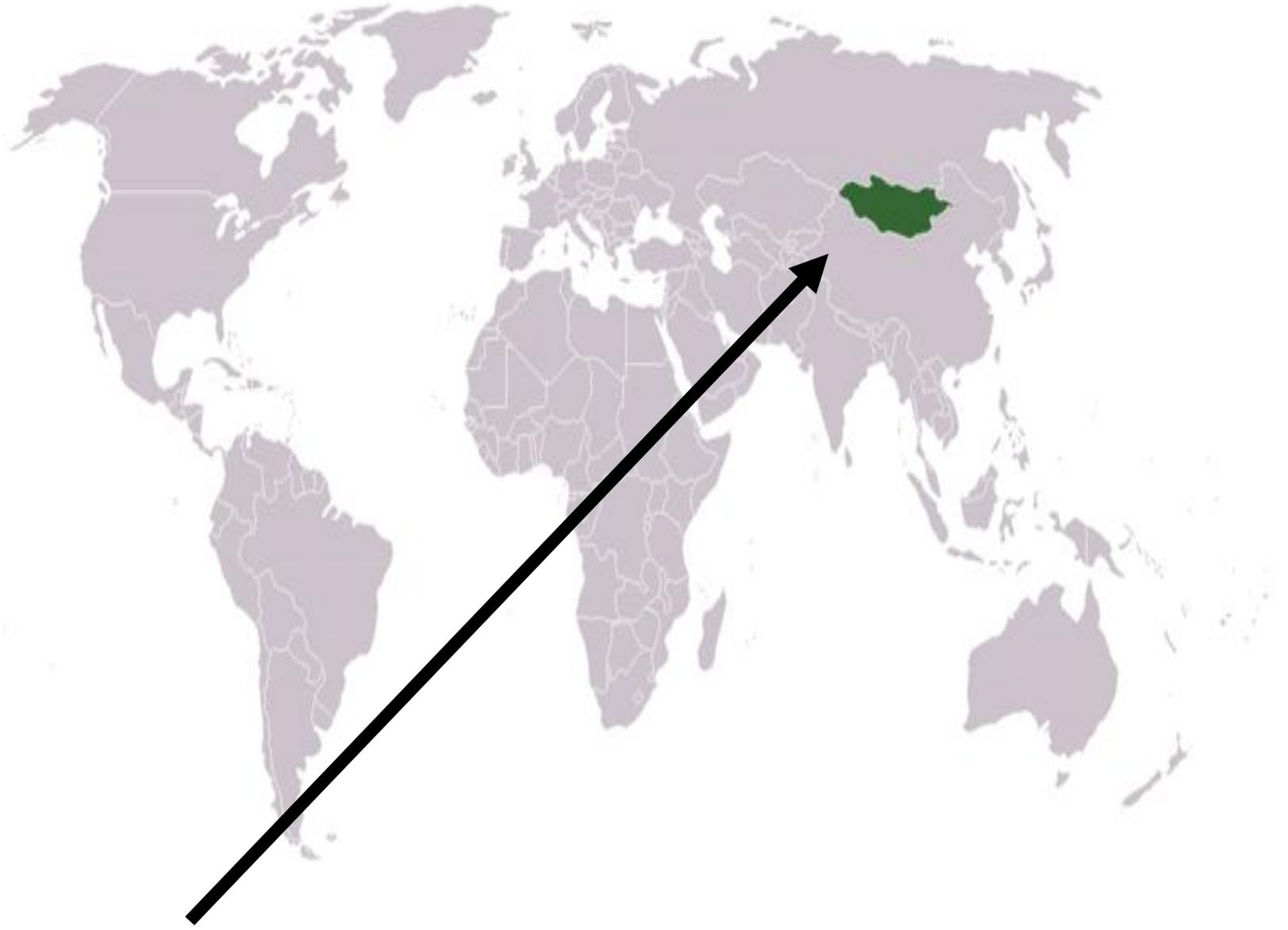
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The Mongol who stole Christmas

Mongol Empire 1400





Mongolia today!! Big Difference



Mongolian Money, Genghis is on the bills!